XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1222.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1769.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE of October 14.

The ADMINISTRATION of the COLONIES, wherein their Rights and Conſtitution are diſcuſſed and ſtated. By THO. POWNALL, late Governor and Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Provinces, Maſſachuſetts-Bay and South-Carolina, and Lieutenant-Governor of New-Jerſey. The Fourth Edition. 8vo.

THIS Fourth Edition is greatly enlarged and improved, as, beſides a good deal of new reaſoning on the Subject, it contains a Number of curious hiſtorical Facts, relating to the firſt eſtabliſhed Modes of Government in the Colonies by their ſeveral Conſtitutions, and the Alterations that have been made or have ariſen therein from Time to Time; which Facts ſeem not to have been known to the Writers in the preſent Diſpute between the Two Countries, though they afford great Light towards a true Underſtanding of the Queſtions that have been agitated concerning the Nature of the Relation between Britain and the Colonies, and the reſpective Rights, Powers, Duties, Privileges, &c. that belong to that Relation.

Upon the Whole, the Author, though, as being himſelf a Member of the Britiſh Legiſlature, he could not directly deny its Right to tax the Colonies, ſeems rather to think that Claim involved in ſo much Doubt and Uncertainty, and attended with ſuch Inconveniencies, as that it would be more prudent to wave it, and rather return to the accuſtomed Method of raiſing Money from them by their voluntary Grants upon Requiſition to their Aſſemblies; or that they ſhould be united to the Realm, by admitting Repreſentatives from them to ſit in Parliament. "This, ſays he, is the Alternative; either to follow the ſober *Temper* and *Prudence* of this eſtabliſhed Mode, or to adopt the *Wiſdom*, *Juſtice*, and *Policy* of the Reaſoning and Acts of Parliament in the Caſes of Cheſter, Wales, and Durham. There is no other practicable Method."

It ſeems, that although the County Palatine of Cheſter, the Principality of Wales, and the Biſhoprick of Durham, were not anciently within the Realm of England (though Subject to the ſame King) but had Parliaments of their own in which Aids were granted to him; yet the Parliament of England, being the greateſt, and in Poſſeſſion of the King, took Advantage of the Influence thoſe Circumſtances gave them, and frequently attempted to extend their Juriſdiction over his other Dominions. This was continually complained of by the People, and ſometimes rectified by the King; but finally the Parliament thought fit to do them Juſtice, and end the Diſpute, by paſſing Acts for admitting their Repreſentatives. Thoſe Complaints are mentioned in the Acts themſelves; but in this Work we have a Copy of one of the Petitions to the King from Cheſter, as old as the Year 1450, which, when compared with thoſe now come and coming from the Colonies, appears ſo exactly ſimilar, in the Claim of Right to be taxed only by their own Parliament, in the Recital of an ancient and continual Uſage, in the Allegation of their former Readineſs in granting Aids upon Requiſition, and in the Declarations of firm Loyalty to their Sovereign, that if only the Language were a little modernized, it might well ſeem to be one of theſe.—It is indeed a curious Inſtance of the Effect ſimilar Circumſtances and Situations have in producing ſimilar Ways of thinking and acting in different Countries and Ages; and of the Change made in thoſe Ways of thinking and acting by a Change of Situation and Circumſtances; Wales, Cheſter, and Durham, now they make a Part of the Britiſh Parliament, being apparently as willing to exerciſe a Power of taxing thoſe who have no Repreſentatives, as they before were unwilling to ſuffer it themſelves. Our Readers will not be diſpleaſed to ſee this Petition at large, with the Order made upon it.

To the KING, *our Soverreign Lord. Anno D.* 1450.

MOST Chriſtian Benigne, and Gracious King; We your humble Subjects, and true obaiſant Liege People, the Abbots, Priors, *and* ALL *the Clergy*; your Barons, Knights, and Eſquires; *and* ALL *the Commonalty* of your County Palatine of Cheſter, meekly prayen and beſeechen your Highneſs; Where the ſaid County is, and hath been a County Palatine, as well before the Conqueſt of England, as continually ſince, diſtinct and ſeparate from the Crown of England, within which County, you, and all your noble Predeceſſors, ſithen it came into your Hands, and all Eſtates of the ſame, before that Time, have had your high Courts of Parliament to hold as your Will, your Chancery, your Exchequer, your Juſtice to hold Pleas, as well of the Crown, as of Common Pleas. And by Authority of which Parliament, to make or to admit Laws within the ſame, ſuch as be thought expedient and behoveſull for the Weal of you, of the Inheritors and Inheritance of the ſaid County. And no Inheritor or Poſſeſſioners within the ſaid County, be for this charged, lyable, nor have not been required, charged nor hurt, of their Bodies, Liberties, Franchiſes, Lands, Goods, nor Poſſeſſions within the ſame County, [*but as their Lawe*

as they] have agreed unto. And for the more Proof and plain Evidence of the ſaid Franchiſes, Immunities and Freedoms; The moſt victorious King William the Conqueror your moſt noble Progenitor, gave the ſame County to Hugh Loup his Nephew, to hold as freely to him and to his Heirs *by the Sword*, as the ſame King ſhould hold all England *by the Crown*. Experience of which Grant, to be ſo in all Appeals and Records, out of the ſame; where, at your common Law it is written, *Contra Coronam & Dignitatem noſtram*. It is written in your Time, and your noble Progenitors, ſinth the ſaid Earldome came into your Hands, and in all Earls Times afore *Contra Dignitatem Gladii Cestriæ*. And alſo they have no Knights, Citizens, no Burgeſſes, ne ever had, of the ſaid County, to any Parliament holden *out of the ſaid* County; *wherethy they might, in any Way of Reaſon be bounden*. And alſo ye and your noble Progenitors, and all Earles, whoſe Eſtate ye have in the ſaid Earledome; as Earles of Cheſter, ſith the Conqueſt of England, have had within the ſame, *Regalem Poteſtatem, Jura Regalia, Prærogativa Regia*. Which Franchiſes notwithſtanding, there be your Commiſſions directed out to ſeveral Commiſſioners of the ſame County, for the Levy of Subſidy, granted by the Commons of your Land, in your Parliament, late begun at Weſtminſter, and ended at Leiceſter, to make Levy thereof within the ſaid County, after the Form of their Grant thereof, *contrary to the Liberties, Freedoms, and Franchiſes of the ſaid County*, and Inheritance of the ſame, at all Times, before this Time uſed. That pleaſe your noble Grace, of your bleſſed Favour, the Premiſes graciouſly to conſider; And alſo, how that we your Beſeechers, *have been as ready* of our true Hearts, *with our Goods*, at Times of Need, as other Parts of your Lands; and alſo ready to obey your Laws and Ordinances, made, ordained, and admitted within the ſaid County; and if any Thing amongſt us [*be wrong*,] ready to be reformed by your Highneſs, by the Advice of your Counſel, within the ſaid County: And hereupon to diſcharge all ſuch Commiſſioners of Levy of the ſaid Subſidy within the ſaid County; and of your ſpecial meer Grace, ever, to ſee that there be never Act in this Parliament, nor in any Parliament hereafter, holden out of the ſaid County, made to the Hurt of any of the Inheritors, or Inheritance of the ſaid County, of their Bodies, Liberties, Franchiſes, Goods, Lands, Tenements, or Poſſeſſions, being within the ſaid County. For if any ſuch Act ſhould be made, it were *deem contrary to the Liberties, Freedoms, Immunities, and Franchiſes of the ſaid County*. And as to the reſigning of ſuch Poſſeſſions, as it hath liked your Highneſs, to grant unto any of your Subjects: All ſuch as have ought of Grant within the ſaid County, will be as ready to ſurrender their Letters Pattents, which they have of your Grant, for the more honourable Keeping of your Eſtate, as any other Perſon or Perſons within any other Part of your Land, or elſe they ſhall be avoided by us, under your Authority committed unto us, within your ſaid County. And furthermore, conſidering that your Beſeechers are, and ever have been true, dreading, obaiſant, and loving unto you, and of you, as unto you, and of our moſt dowted Sovereign Lord our Earle and natural Lord; We the ſaid Barons, Knights, Eſquires, and Commons, are ready to live and die with you, againſt all earthly Creatures; and by your Licence, to ſhew unto your Highneſs, for the gracious Expedition of this our moſt behoveful Petition. And we the ſaid Abbots, Priors, and Clergy continually do pray to GOD for your moſt honnerable Eſtate, Proſperity, and Felicity, which we all beſeek GOD to continue, with as long Life to reign, as ever did Prince upon People; with Iſſue coming of your moſt gracious Body, perpetually to raign upon us for all our moſt ſingular Joy and Comfort.

The King's Will is, as the Subſidy in this Bill contained; Foraſmuch as he is learned, that the Beſeechers in the ſame, their Predeceſſors, our Anceſtors, have not been charged afore this Time, by Authority of any Parliament holden out of the ſaide County, of any Quindiſme, or Subſidy, granted unto him, or any of his Progenitors, in any ſuch Parliament; That the Beſeechers, and each of them be diſcharged of the Paying and Levy of the ſaid Subſidy. And furthermore, the King willeth That the ſaid Beſeechers, their Succeſſors and Heirs, have and enjoy all their Liberties, Freedoms, and Franchiſes, as freely and entirely as ever they, their Predeceſſors, or Anceſtors in his Time, or in the Time of his Progenitors, had and enjoyed it.——

"Proſecuta fuit iſta Billa ad Dominum Regem per Johannem Manwaring Militem, Radulphum Egerton, Robertum Foulthurſt, Robertum Leigh de Addington, et Johannem Needham Anno R. R. H. 6. poſt conqueſtum Angliæ, viceſimo nono.

BY THE KING.

TRUSTY and well beloved in GOD, and truſty and well beloved we Greet you well. And foraſmuch as we have Underſtanding, by a Supplication preſented unto us, on the Behalf of all our Liege-People within our County Palatine of Cheſter, How their Predeceſſors nor Anceſtors, have not been charged before this Time, with any Fifteenth or Subſidy granted unto us, or any of our Progenitors, by Authority of any Parliament, holden out of our ſaid County, for which Cauſe, we have charged our ſaid Chamberlain of our ſaid County, to make our Writs, directed to all our Commiſſioners, ordained for the aſſeſſing and Levy of the Subſidy laſt granted unto us: Charging them to ſurceaſe of any Execution of our Letters of Commiſſion, made unto them, in that Parties. Wherefore, according to our Commandment late given by us, unto our ſaid Chamberlain; We will that ye in our Behalf, open and declare unto all our ſaid Liege-People; How it is our full Will and Intent, that they be not charged with any ſuch Grant, otherwiſe than they, their Predeceſſors and Anceſtors have been charged afore-time. And that they have and hold, poſſide, and enjoy, all their Liberties, Freedoms, and Franchiſes, in as ample and large Form, as ever they had in our, or any of our ſaid Progenitors Days. And that ye fail not thereof, as we truſt you, and as you deem to pleaſe us.

Given under our Signet of the Eagle, at our Pallace of Weſtminſter the Eighth Day of March, *Anno* R. R. H. 6. *Viceſimo Nono*.

To our truſty and well beloved in GOD, the Abbot of our Monaſtry of Cheſter; and to our truſty and well beloved Knights Sir Thomas Stanley, our Juſtices of Cheſter, Sir John Manwaring, and to every of them."

Conſidering Mr. Pownall as once a Governor in America, and who thence had an Opportunity of knowing thoroughly the People of that Country, the Regard he appears to have for them, and his Teſtimony that they are univerſally loyal Subjects to the Crown, though they diſpute to the Taxing Power of Parliament, does them ſome Honour; and conſidering him as an Engliſhman, and a Member of the Britiſh Parliament, his Impartiality does Honour to himſelf. In ſhort, there is ſo much valuable Knowledge relating to the Colonies, contained in this very intelligent Work, that we cannot but recommend the Peruſal of it to all who wiſh to be rightly informed upon a Subject, which is now become of very great Importance.

CASINCA, (*in* CORSICA) *Sept.* 29.

IN conſequence of a Reſolution taken in the laſt Council of War, the National Troops are divided into ſeveral Corps, and are ſo advantageouſly poſted, that they can, at the ſame Time, obſerve the Motions of the Enemy, and aſſiſt each other. The Corſican Army is reinforced daily by Volunteers. Two Lieutenant Generals, Abbatucci and Gaffforio, are appointed to direct the Military Operations in thoſe Parts where Paoli cannot be preſent.

LEGHORN, *October* 7. The Day before Yeſterday a Dutch Squadron arrived here from Algiers, commanded by Vice-Admiral Roemer Vlaeq, who has renewed a Peace with the Dey and Regency of Algiers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Oct.* 7. Seliktar Hamzey Pacha, Grand Viſier, arrived here the 22d of laſt Month. His Predeceſſor is exiled to Rhodes.

On the 3d Inſtant a Grand Council was held at the Seraglio, at which the Viſier and all the principal Officers of State aſſiſted. In Conſequence of what then paſſed, the Sieur Obreſkoff, Reſident from Ruſſia, was invited to go to Court the 6th Inſtant, when he was introduced into the Apartment of the Grand Viſier. The Converſation was not long, but it was very ſpirited; and the Ruſſian Miniſter probably not being able to comply with what was required of him, was ordered to retire into another Apartment, and wait for the Determination of the Porte. Upon the Report that was made to the Grand Signior of what had paſſed, his Highneſs ordered the Ruſſian Miniſter to be ſent to the Caſtle of Seven Towers, whither he was accordingly conducted the ſame Afternoon, together with his Secretary, Three of his Interpreters, and ſome Domeſticks. The Sieur Delavachow, Charge d'Affaires from Ruſſia, and who is intended to ſucceed the Sieur Obreſkoff, not having accompanied his Colleague at the Audience above-mentioned, did not partake of his Diſgrace.

WARSAW, *Oct.* 8. Yeſterday a Courier arrived from Lithuania, with Advice that the Confederates of Prazaw have had a ſharp Rencounter with the Ruſſian Troops, in which the former were much worſted, having had about 400 Men killed and wounded, and loſt Eight Pieces of Cannon, and all their Baggage.

FRANKFORT, *Oct.* 25. The French and Auſtrians are buying up Corn to fill their Magazines. The former bid up againſt the Merchants employed by the King of Pruſſia in buying up all the Saltpetre they can meet with.

VIENNA, *Nov.* 2. A Courier, ſent from Conſtantinople, brought the Day before Yeſterday, to this Court, ſome Diſpatches, dated the 23th of laſt Month, which not only confirm the Account relative to the Arreſt of the Ruſſian Miniſter, but likewiſe add, that the Sieur Delavachow, who was furniſhed with Credentials to the Porte, and the intended Succeſſor of the Sieur Obreſcow, in caſe of the Deceaſe of the latter, is alſo confined in the Caſtle of the Seven Towers. They further inform, that War was declared againſt Ruſſia, the 8th of the ſame Month; that Public Prayers have been put up in the Moſques for Succeſs to their Arms; that Orders have been ſent to the Troops diſperſed in ſeveral Provinces of the Empire, to aſſemble in the Neighbourhood of Adrianople, to form there the principal Army, which, when entirely done, the Grand

the Caſe. I have inſerted the Words but by ſuch Laws as they, printed between Hooks. I ſee no other Way of making the Paſſage intelligible. I hope the Members of Parliament will excuſe me, if I have inſerted the Words by wrong.

Signior will go thither to view it; and, finally, that his Highness Kaith sent one of his Officers, with Dispatches to the Bashaw of Choczim, charging him to notify to the King, and the Republic of Poland, the Declaration of War, which has been just made from Russia.

LONDON.

Oct. 20. It is said a very strong Memorial has been received, from a Southern Potentate, which was one Cause of a late Resignation; another, the Affairs of America; and the Third, France acquiring Possession of Corsica, contrary to the Resigner's Advice.

It is said several Ladies, of the first Fashion and Fortune in England, are going to open a voluntary Subscription for the intrepid Hero of Corsica, in Imitation of those immortal Fair Ones, who, in the former War, voluntarily subscribed a large Sum of Money, for the Assistance of the present Empress Queen of Hungary.

Before Britain appears openly in the Aid of Corsica, some late Proclamations from the Throne, will be revoked.

By Advices from Genoa, we learn, that large Sums of French Gold have lately been introduced into Corsica, which the French Politicians make no Scruple to affirm, will be more efficacious in subduing those Islanders, than the Arms of the most Christian King.

Oct. 22. The Duke of Bedford, it is said, has declined accepting any Post in the Administration.

It is said, that so general is the Inclination to assist Corsica, that nothing can prevent our taking Part in that Quarrel, but a Shower of French Pistoles at the West-End of the Town.

There are Accounts, it seems, from France, which mention that the Comptroller-General of the Finances there, has been banished to his Estate, for some Misdemeanor in Office:—This Officer is there equal to the First Lord of the Treasury, or Chancellor of the Exchequer here.

They are drawing out accurate Accounts from the Books, at the Public Offices, for the Use of a certain Great Man, against the Meeting of an august Assembly.

It is reported the Transport Ships taken into the Government Service, are to carry over a considerable Body of Troops to augment the Garrisons of Gibraltar and Port-Mahon; the ticklish Affairs in the Mediterranean rendering such Precaution necessary.

We hear that Yesterday some Dispatches of Importance arrived at St. James's, from the Court of Berlin, and that they were immediately laid before the Privy-Council, which was sitting at the Time of their Arrival.

Oct. 25. The Lord Chancellor has not, and, it is said, is not to resign.

The Solicitor-General will therefore remain.

It is said that Lord Mansfield proposes very soon to resign his high Office of Lord Chief Justice of England.

Letters from Lisbon, dated September 20, say, "As the Petition which the English presented to the Senate, desiring that they might not be included in the Ordinance lately published, which prohibits the Sale of Corn from private Warehouses, has been rejected, it is thought that the Hon. William Henry Lyttleton, the British Minister at this Court, will apply directly to the King for Redress, which the British Merchants flatter themselves they shall obtain the more readily, as what they apply for, upon this Occasion, is consistent with the Privileges to which they are intitled in this Kingdom."

Oct. 27. A Letter from Leghorn, says, "The Marquis de Barbantane, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of France to the Grand Duke our Sovereign, has demanded, and obtained Permission, to draw from this Country, Provisions for the Support of the French Troops in Corsica. A Reinforcement of Ten Battalions is soon expected there. The Pieves which had submitted to the French, and which they have evacuated since the Affair of Penta, have suffered greatly. Every Thing belonging to Col. Buttafuoco, and to the Commissary Astolfi, who surrendered the Isle of Capraia to the French, has been sacked. An English Frigate is said to have brought General Paoli 70,000 l. Sterling."

Sir George M'Cartney is appointed to the Office of Joint Paymaster of Ireland, in the room of Colonel Barre, that Gentleman having resigned.

A Correspondent says, that a Scheme is on Foot, by some People of Consequence, and intended to be offered to the Consideration of Parliament, next Session, for raising Half a Million Sterling in the Colonies, to be levied in kind, out of the Staple Commodities each Province produces, in lieu of Cash. A Scheme of this Nature, it is said, bids the fairest for giving Satisfaction to all Parties, by the mutual Advantages it is apparently calculated to promote.

A Letter from Lisbon, to a Gentleman in York, advises, that the Hon. Mr. Lyttleton applies closely to the Business of this Nation, and that it was expected something favourable might be acceded to, in Regard to our lost Privileges, and something new, granted; that he had got the Affair of the Actions (as mentioned lately) laid aside, by which the English had been obliged to take them in Payment for Goods, which, as they were not transferable, and the Companies there not on a good Basis, would have been of great Detriment to the Trade of this Kingdom; and that the greatest Harmony subsisted between the Two Courts in every Thing but that of a Commercial Interest, which, by repeated Neglects at home, has been suffered to be broke through, and almost given up.

Some Letters from Leghorn, mention, that Three Districts in Corsica, who lately surrender'd to the French, had again revolted to General Paoli; having got Possession of a Quantity of Artillery, Ammunition and Money; and made many of their new Masters Prisoners.

October 27. We are assured that Advice has been received of the Death of M. de Voltair. This Gentleman may be said to have expired in his Occupation, he being found dead, with his Head resting on his Table, and the Pen in his Hand.

We are credibly informed, that the long-wished for North-West Passage, has been lately discovered by a Navigator, now in Town, and who has promised a few Weeks hence, to give the World a complete and satisfactory Journal of his Voyage, to, and from, the South-Sea, via Hudson's-Bay.

Among other Entertainments prepared for his Majesty of Denmark in France, is the very singular one of a grand Hunting-Match, in the Woods of Chantilly, by Candle-Light; for which Purpose Orders were given by the Prince of Conti, for immediately fixing therein upwards of 150,000 Lamps, with very large Burners.

A Morning Paper says, A Correspondent newly arrived from France informs us, that there are the strongest Appearances of an approaching Rupture between the Courts of Versailles and Petersburgh; and the Prince Gallitzin, the Russian Ambassador, had suddenly left France, without taking Leave.

Some very intelligent People say, there will be a Million asked for next Session; 600,000l. of which to be applied to make good the Deficiencies of the Civil List.

They write from Genoa, that the Senate had received Advice of some approaching Changes in the French Ministry, which in all Probability would be attended with no favourable Consequences to the Interests of the Republic.

Letters from Paris mention, that the Court had received Intelligence that Paoli, in a late Assembly of the Corsican Chiefs, assured them, that he had Promises from Three different Quarters (producing Letters at the same Time) of being plentifully supplied with Money and Ammunition in a very short Time.

They write from Paris, that Lampoons are found posted up in several Parts of the City, burlesquing the Ministry, on Account of the bad Success of the French Army in Corsica.

Nov. 3. We are informed, that General Reider, one of the King of Prussia's Favourites and Confidants, and another of that Monarch's Ministers, are now here in a private Capacity, on account of some secret Negotiations. It is said they make frequent Visits to a great Adherent to the Interest of their Master.

The disgraceful Defeats the French have lately met with in Corsica, make a prodigious Noise at Paris. While the Cabinet is divided, as to the Measures to be pursued with respect to those brave Islanders, some are not wanting to declare, that their Men and Money had much better been spared against a more important Occasion, which it is firmly believed cannot be very far off.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, September 30.

"His Mooriſh Majesty persists still in his Demands; by which Means this Garrison continues to suffer exceedingly. We expect that you will frighten him into Terms, for he does not seem to mind us. Our Vice-Consul sets out from this Place To-morrow for Morocco, to see what he can do; notwithstanding which we do not flatter ourselves that he will be able to succeed. A few Frigates, I am perſuaded, would speak more to the Purpose."

ANNAPOLIS, February 9.

About Ten Days ago, one CHARLES WHITEHEAD, and Two of his Sons, with a Woman, a Stranger, set off, in a small Canoe, from the Mouth of *Magothy* River, for *Patapsco*; and the Three Persons, last mentioned, were, by a sudden Shock the Canoe accidentally met with, thrown out of the same, and unfortunately drowned, and the poor old Man was next Day found dead in the Canoe, owing to the Severity of the Weather.——Some of the drowned Bodies have been since found, and decently interred.

On Friday last died, at BALTIMORE-TOWN, Mr. WILLIAM THORNTON, formerly Sheriff of this County.——A Gentleman much respected by his Friends and Acquaintance.

THIS GAZETTE, N°. 1222, completes our annual 52 Weeks, to which Period, for the sake of Regularity (but especially to enable us to carry on so expensive a Business) we shall make out all our Accounts, charging those who have lately subscribed, in Proportion for the Time, in order that all our good Customers may begin the Year with the next GAZETTE.

WE are extremely sorry to find ourselves under the disagreeable Necessity, of striking off a great Number of our Correspondents, some of whom have never paid us, or the late PRINTER, a single Shilling, although they have been many Years entertained, Weekly, at our Expence.—Our Conduct herein, will be excusable, as we shall, in future, save Paper and Workmanship: Nevertheless, on a Settlement with them, respectively, and Payment of such Balances, as may appear justly due, we shall, with Pleasure, shew a Readiness to renew our Correspondence.

THE great Number of small Balances due to the PRINTERS, for Gazettes, Advertisements, Blanks, &c. would (*if they could be obliged with them, at this Time*) be of singular Service. For the Ease and Conveniency of such, as are inclinable to pay regularly, we shall forward their Accounts to the Receivers in the several Counties, and Mr. FREDERICK GREEN will also attend at the ensuing *March* Courts, at *Leonard-Town, Port-Tobacco, Calvert* Court-House, and *Upper-Marlborough*. Those whose Business may not call them to Court, we hope will improve their Neighbours to discharge their Accounts, and take Receipts, which will be an Act of real Friendship to

THE PRINTERS.

N. B. We shall esteem it as a great Favour, if our Correspondents in *Virginia*, will pay off their Balances to Mr. JOHN GLASSFORD, of *Fredericksburg*, or transmit them to us, per Sloop, if no other Conveyance offers.

St. Mary's, January 31.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 14th Day of March, at the Dwelling-Plantation of the late Rev. CHARLES EARLE, *for ready Money, or Tobacco*,

A PARCEL of likely NEGROES, a valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Stock, different Sorts; a large Quantity of NAILS, HOE-AXES, and a Parcel of STORE-GOODS, too tedious to mention, about Two Hundred Pounds Sterling Value, will be sold Wholesale or Retail. Constant Attendance will be given by ROBERT WATTS, Esq. ANN CHESLEY, Executrix.
WILLIAM FITZHUGH, Executor.

February 1, 1769.

WHEREAS I have long received considerable Damage in the Lands belonging to Mr. *Slater*, Esq; and myself, in *Sauze-Creek-Neck*, on *Patowmack* River, *Prince-George's* County, by Numbers of People, who have heretofore taken the Liberty of coming there to fish and hunt, but more especially in the Spring Season, from those who come for the Herring-Fishery; whose, besides the Trouble and Depredations committed on the Lands and Fencing, we are deprived, in a great Measure, of the Benefits and Emoluments arising from the Situation of our Lands, in respect of the Fishery, which, as Proprietors, we apprehend we have an exclusive Right and Privilege unto.——The former licentious Practices of Fowlers and Fishers, being very disagreeable to Mr. SLATER, as well as to myself, (with his Concurrence and Approbation) in order to prevent farther Abuses of the same kind, for the future, and to preserve our Property in said Lands, with the Shores belonging, unmolested, I hereby give Notice to all Persons whatsoever, not to enter upon the said Lands or Shores, to hunt or fish, at their Peril, without Leave first had and obtained of Mr. SLATER, or myself, in Writing, or from Mr. GEORGE HARDEY, at *Piscataway*; to whom those wanting to fish, may apply.

(w3) JOHN ADDISON SMITH.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *by the Subscriber, Administratrix of* BRIAN PHILPOT, *deceased, in* BALTIMORE-TOWN, *on the First Day of next* MARCH *Court*,

ALL the real Estate of the said deceased, consisting of sundry LOTS, lying in, and near the said Town; on some of which are considerable Improvements: Also Three Plantations, lying in the said County, one of which is called ADAM-BUDD'S PROSPECT, containing 668 Acres, about 16 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, on which are a good Dwelling-House, Quarter, Barn, and other Improvements, about 60 Acres of Meadow, already made, which is in Grass, and a large Quantity more may be made: The Soil, in general, is well adapted for Farming, with a sufficient Quantity of Upland, cleared, and under a good Fence. The other Two Plantations are Part of NICHOLSON'S MANOR, which lies on the *Western-Run*, about 18 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*. The Soil is remarkable fertile and rich, adapted either for Tobacco or Hemp, and a large Quantity of rich Bottom-Meadow may be made on each, as they contain about 765 Acres.——The Terms of Sale, and Authority for the same, will be shewn at any Time, upon Application to

(ts.) MARY PHILPOT, Administratrix.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of JOSIAS BEALL, late of *Frederick* County, deceased, are desired to make Payment; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, properly proved, that they may be settled.

To be SOLD, *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

PART of Two LOTS, joining the main Street, in *George-Town*, whereon is a large well finished Dwelling-House, Store-House, Kitchen, Stable, Garden, Meat-House, and Milk-House.——Also to be sold, 250 Acres of Land, lying near the said Town.

(w3) THADDEUS BEALL, Administrator.

Fell's Point, February 1, 1769.

WHEREAS there is an Advertisement in the *Maryland* GAZETTE, Number 1217, signed *George Mason*, desiring that no Person will take an Assignment of a Note of Hand, which he, the said *Mason*, gave *John Bond*, Senior, of *Baltimore-Town*, in the Year 1767, as he will not pay it, until he is fully satisfied it is justly due, &c.——And, believing it concerns the Subscriber, as he has given a Note of that Date and Sum, he takes this Method to give the Public a true State of the Matter, how he obtained that Note:——In June 1767, the said George Mason, a Tract of Land; and, in November following, he paid me Part of the Money; and gave a Security for the Balance due, was Twenty-two Pounds Fifteen Shillings and Six-pence Current Money, for which he gave me his Note, on Demand, and promised to pay it in a few Weeks. In February 1768, he gave me Eleven Guineas, and a Paper Bill of Fifteen Shillings Value, for which I gave his Note. Credit, Balance due, Twelve Pounds Six Shillings and Six-pence, exclusive of Interest, which I never received any Satisfaction for——and do now forgive the said Mason, for his Pardon for same, as I am sure, and for which I shall bring an Action, unless he has Possession of the Land, and pays the Money. Sale, and an Indemnification, I leave it to the Public to Judge of the Treatment I have received from this Gentleman.

JOHN BOND.

Prince-George's County, (Virginia), January 27, 1769.

WHEREAS my Wife, JANE HUNTER, hath behaved herself in such an undutiful and disobedient a Manner as to cause a Separation, I am determined to pay no Debts of her contracting, and take this Method to put every Person upon their Guard, that they may make Agreements accordingly. (w6) JOHN HUNTER.

COMMITTED to the Gaol of *Queen-Anne's* County, jail, as a Runaway, a Negro Man, who calls himself JAMES LANGSHAW, says he is one Sixty, and that he was hired as a Freeman last Summer to Colonel JOHN CHALLENOR, in *Alexandria*. He is a slim thin Fellow, about Five Feet Nine Inches high, and speaks broken English. Whoever owns said Negro, is desired to take him away, and pay all Charges. WILLIAM STEUART, Sheriff.

February 2, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at Mr. *Thomas Addison's* Ferry, an *Irish* Servant Lad, named JOHN ALLEN, about 19 Years of Age, and supposed to be 5 Feet high, he has a round fresh coloured Face, with a Scar between his Eyes, wears short light brown curled Hair, cut on the fore Part of his Head: He had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old dark great Coat, very much worn before, one old Cotton Jacket, with one of the fore Skirts torn off, and another of Narrow-Broads, lined with Scotch Plaid, of a lightish Colour, a new Osnabrig Shirt, with the Holes in the Collar and Wrists, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, very much torn, a Pair of black and white ribb'd Stockings, much the worse for Wear, a Pair of Shoes, with Steel Buckles in them, and an old Felt Hat, cock'd Two Ways.——Whoever takes up, and brings home said Servant, shall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward, beside what the Law allows, paid by (w2) SUSANNAH PATTERSON.

July 29, 1768.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, living in *Queen-Anne's* County, a black HORSE, about Eight Years old, a natural Pacer, he has one of his hind Feet white, and one of his Fore-Teeth is broke. He is branded on the left Thigh, but the Mark is not remember'd. It is suppos'd he was stole either by WALTER HARRIS, or JAMES WIGGINS, who lately lived here, but has since removed to *Baltimore* County.——Whoever will bring the said Horse to the Subscriber, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, paid by (w4) JOHN BROWN.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Henry Threlkeld*, on the Lower Falls Branch of *Patowmack* River, the following Strays, *viz.* a small red STEER, about Three Years old, cropt in the right Ear, and has a little Slip in the upper Side of the left. Also a red brindled HEIFER, about the same Age as the Steer, is cropt in the right Ear, and a little pared off round the Tip of her left. Likewise, a white and brindled HEIFER, about a Year old, mark'd the same as the former.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

ANNAPOLIS, *February 1, 1769.*

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VERY good LOT, and a HOUSE thereon, with several Out-Houses, a Yard with a Well therein, and a good Garden, situated near the Dock, and very convenient for either a Merchant, or Tavern-Keeper.——For further Particulars, enquire on the Premises. JOHN CARTY.

*** Likewise to be sold, a small SCHOONER, now on the Stocks, Burthen about 30 Tons. (4w)

To be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, by Mr. SAMUEL CHEW, *at* HERRING-BAY, MARYLAND,

A VERY valuable TRACT of LAND, called DUNKEIL, lying in *Baltimore* County; This Tract of Land consists of FIVE HUNDRED and NINETY-NINE ACRES, and lies within a few Miles of the navigable Rivers of BUSH, and GUNPOWDER, and not far distant from *Baltimore-Town*. The Land is well timbered; the Soil extremely fertile, and equal to any in the Country. There are several Bottoms upon this Land, capable of valuable Meadows, and several Streams of Water. There is about 250 Acres cleared, the greatest Part of which has been down above Two Seasons in Cultivation, and quite fresh. The Improvements are not very considerable, being old; but some of them, at a small Expence, may be made both good and serviceable. There is no Tract of Land in those Parts, so well adapted for a Farm.

The Title to the above Land, is indisputable; and a General Warranty will be given to the Purchaser. The Sale is to be on the Premises, on the last Day of *May* next. Credit will be given for Six Months, without Interest. Any Person inclinable to purchase, are referred to Mr. JOHN PAGE, of *Baltimore* County, or to Mr. WILLIAM PAGE, of the City of *Annapolis*, for any Information they may want.

January 25, 1769.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of JOHN JONES, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceased, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid. And all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay the same in their Payments, which will prevent Trouble and Expence to themselves, as well as to (4w) JOHN LOWNDES, Jun. } Executors. JOHN BAYNES, }

Virginia, November 29, 1768.

FALLS of PATOWMACK.

For Encouragement to Trade, &c. I purpose to let out, on the most reasonable Terms, for a Number of Years, or otherwise, this Place, with all the valuable Improvements hereafter mentioned.

AT the Landing, and along-side of Six Fathom Water, a complete Stone Building, 151 Feet long, 36 wide, and 4½ Stories high.

In this Edifice are contained, 1st, A valuable Merchant Mill, with Two Pair of Stones, Bolting Mills and Fan new, well fixed, and constantly supplied with a never failing Stream, sufficient to keep the whole of them going. I can affirm, that this Mill, with the Assistance of Four Men and Two Boys, can manufacture 30,000 Bushels of Wheat annually, into good merchantable Flour.

2d, A large Bakery, with Three Ovens, Brakes and other Necessaries compleatly fitted, and a fine Bread Room above the said Bakery and Ovens.

3d, Two large Granaries, 36 Feet by 30, on each side the Mill, so that Grain cannot be stored more conveniently. Adjoining to these is,

4th, A neat retailing Store, with its Shelves, Counter, Drawers, &c. compleatly finished.——Adjacent to the said Store, is a convenient Accounting Room, with a Fire-Place, at the Back of which, is a private lodging Room, with a Fire-Place likewise. From this Room we enter into a Balcony 24 Feet long, with proper Seats fronting the River, which commands variety of curious and entertaining Prospects.

5th, The several large Rooms below, for the storing of Salt and *West-India* Goods, with their Cellars, &c. so near the River, that, by the Assistance of a Crane, a Vessel of any Burthen may discharge her Load safe in the Stores in as little Time as can be done in any Port in America; and likewise makes equal Dispatch in Loading, the Granaries being so near the Vessel, and the Fall from the House so great, that, by a Spout from the Windows, the Grain may be conveyed in the most speedy and easy Manner.——The Loft of this Building has no Partition, and therefore, being 151 Feet long, and 36 wide, gives great Plenty of Room to spread Flour to cool, in the Summer, so that nothing is wanting but a Capital to make the Place complete.

Contiguous to the Mills, &c. is a very good Dwelling-House, built with Stone, Two Stories high, 36 Feet long, and 22 wide, with convenient Rooms, Kitchen, Cellars, and Ten Fire-Places thereto belonging, to be let with the said Mills.

I have laid out 33 Lots for a Town here, each Lot containing Half an Acre, including the Tobacco Warehouses; most Part are for Sale on moderate Terms.

I have within those Lots built a Grist Mill, for Country Custom, and a Saw Mill, and will supply Scantling and Plank for building, very cheap.

The River *Patowmack* is so well known, that I need not be particular in describing it; as from its Mouth to the very Falls, it is allowed to be the best Navigation of any River on the Continent.

The Falls are situated 12 Miles above *Alexandria*, and 3 Miles above *George-Town*.——Any Vessel that comes to *Alexandria*, or up to *George-Town*, will find deeper Water above to the said Falls, the Channel being straight, and easily found. The Falls excel any Part of the Colony, for beautiful building Stone, in the greatest Quantity, and the easiest raised. The Soil is excessively rich, and abounds with the finest of Springs convenient to every Part. And,

Above all the Advantages before-mentioned, the Place is noted for one of the finest Fisheries in *Virginia*; the whole Season through, the best of Fish is caught here in great Abundance.

The Falls Landing is Ten measured Miles nearer to *Leesburg*, *Winchester*, and so to the Back Country, than any other whatsoever. Besides, this Landing being so much nearer to the Back Inhabitants, and a fine Road, it receives all the Produce brought down from above the Great Falls, in Barrels, which Business is now become very considerable, and must improve; as Indian Corn, Walnut-Plank, and Lumber of all Sorts, will bear the Land Carriage, from the Falls above, to this Place; much more, and better, will Wheat, Pig, and Bar-Iron, and Tobacco. All those Commodities are made in great Plenty on each Side the River, above the Falls; the Lands being very fine, the Produce must be brought to this Spot for Shipping.

For further Encouragement, any Gentleman that might be willing to settle here, and carry on a Trade suitable to the Place, may have the Mills, with all Improvements; and I will oblige myself to furnish him, this present Year, with 5000 Bushels of good merchantable Wheat, 8000 Bushels next Year, and 12,000 Bushels annually after, of my own Produce, for the Terms agreed on. Or, if he, or they, chuse rather to put in a Stock, any Way adequate to the Improvements made by me, I will be at an equal Expence towards the Working, Supporting, and Maintaining the said Business, receiving my Proportion of the Profits; but it is not to be supposed that I could advance any Thing further, than finishing the Mills and all Improvements, without any Rent. The Management and Direction I will give up, and he, or they may draw his, or their, whole Stock out, when they please; otherwise I will rent the whole, very reasonable, as before-mentioned.

☞ Here Water falls, and might do more, by Art! "Majestic Nature shines in every Part."

Besides the above; at the *Seneca* Falls, which is the Public Landing-Place for all the Iron, and other Commodities, brought down the River *Patowmack*, from above, as the said Landing, the Goods have to be carried and brought through a natural Race, where there is a Fall of three Feet Water; I intend to erect, on the same Manner, one of the best Places for Furnace, Forge, Saw, and Grist Mills, that can be found.

The principal Articles to support those Works to Advantage, are Iron, Coals, Timber and Land; all of which are in the greatest Quantity, of the best Quality, and easily procured.—The Iron Ore is inexhaustible on the River Side, and belongs to me. I will deliver it on the Furnace Bank at Ten Shillings per Ton, Coal at Twenty Shillings per Load of 144 Bushels. Those Articles are brought down to the Spot by Water to Raise, and I have 11,000 Acres of Land adjoining to the said Falls above, binding the River Fifteen Miles, including several Islands. All those Lands are covered with the best of Timber; and as the Navigation is so easy up to the *Shenandoah* Falls, it is not possible there should ever be a Scarcity of Timber and Ore to support the Scheme.—The Situation is so good that the Furnace, Forges, and Mills, may join to one another, along Side of the said Race, at the Landing; and every Article is conveyed to the Works, from the main River, by this Race, which affords the Fall, as above-mentioned. There being no further Expence attending the Water Part, the Foundation so good, with a natural Race for the Water to run, and building Stone, Timber, &c. so convenient; I can venture to affirm, that one Year's Profit will reimburse the whole Expence and Costs of Building.

Between the Landing at the *Seneca*, and that at the Little Falls (where the Tide goes) is, by Survey, exactly 14 measured Miles. A public Waggon Road is lately opened betwixt them, and is already much frequented.

I have also built, at the *Seneca*, a Smith's Shop, with Two Fires, and a Wheelwright's Shop adjoining, together with several Dwelling-Houses at the same Place; I have likewise got new Battoes suitable for bringing down the Commodities.

The Buildings and Improvements at both Landings, so far as I have done, have actually cost me upwards of Eleven Thousand Pounds; and I have so great an Opinion of the many Advantages arising from those convenient Situations, that I am willing to add a further Stock of One Hundred Working Slaves, seated on 3000 Acres of the most valuable Land on *Patowmack*, joining the said Falls, actually in my Possession, and convenient to support all the said Business. Those several Plantations are well stock'd with Horses, Cattle, and Hogs. Among the said Slaves, are very valuable Tradesmen, such as Burgemen, Coopers, Smiths, and Carpenters. I have several Waggons and Teams, that work upon the Road, between the Two Landings; and shall be ready to put the whole in Stock, provided I get a suitable Partner, who understands Trade and Business; or will rent the Whole, or Part, as we may agree.

Any Person, or Persons, inclinable to increase his, or their Fortune, by taking the Trouble to come and view the Premises, and examine the same, will be satisfied, that I have not advanced any Thing farther than they find agreeable to Truth; and I am confident, that there is no Business, whatever, at this Time, that can afford more certain and larger Profit, from so small an Advance, as the additional Expence required. JOHN BALLENDINE.

THE Subscribers having Authority to agree with Two CURATES, for the Administration of Divine Service, in separate Districts of *All-Saints* Parish, in *Frederick* County, hereby give Notice, That they will treat with any well recommended Clergymen of the Church of *England*, for that Purpose. To prevent Disappointment, Applications are desired to be made, by Letter, directed to the Subscribers, in *Frederick-Town*, in said County.

T. BOWLES,
(4w) GEO. MURDOCK.

WANTING A FREIGHT,

A SHIP, of 180 Tons Burthen, now lying in *Patowmack* River, well found and mann'd, ready to take in her Load immediately, for any Port in *Great-Britain*, *Ireland*, or elsewhere, as a Charter may be agreed on.—Enquire of the Printers. (4w)

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Frederick-Town*, *Maryland*, on the 9th of *October* 1767, an indented Servant Man, named JOHN QUIN, an *Irishman*, and says he was born in *Dublin*. He is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has some Scars in his Face, is a Shoemaker by Trade, and very much given to Liquor and Company. He has been several Years in this Country, and has resided both in *Pennsylvania*, and the *Jerseys*. I bought him from one *William Blair*, Shoemaker, living at *Carlyle*, in *Cumberland* County, *Pennsylvania*.

Whoever takes up, or secures said Servant, so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall receive a Reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, from

(4w) JOSEPH BURNESTON.

N. B. I am informed he was at Work with *Mr. Hyde*, in *Annapolis*, about Two or Three Weeks ago.

To be sold, pursuant to the last Testament of the Hon. Benjamin Tasker, *of the Province of* Maryland, *deceased, on Wednesday the 15th Day of* March, 1769, *if fair, if not, the next fair Day, at Public Sale,*

THE House and Plantation, called BELLAIR, (lying in *Prince-George's* County, in *Maryland*, formerly the Property and Residence of the late Governor *Ogle*, deceased,) also about 21 SLAVES, all the Stock, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Plows, Tools, &c. there.——This Estate contains about 2177 Acres, including a Quantity of mowable Meadow, and a large Portion of arable Land, which is well inclosed, and Wheat was sown last Autumn on Part of it. Its Situation is healthful, and distant about 16 Miles from *Annapolis*, 12 from the Town of *Elizabeth*, and 6 from *Queen-Anne*. The Mansion-House, and Office, near it, are Two Stories, brick; the latter, about 40 Feet square, and the former, 60 by 35 Feet. The Orchards, Garden, Stables, Barns, &c. also contribute to make this Seat very pleasing and commodious. It is expected that the Purchaser, or Purchasers, who shall buy to the Amount of 500*l.* Sterling (or for any greater Sum) may pay Bills, or short Bonds, with approved Security for the same, to the acting Trustees, or their Agents, who will attend at the Time and Place appointed.

Bladensburg, January 19, 1769.

CAPTAIN ROBERT HOW, Commander of the Ship PATOWMACK, left with me, last Summer, a Cask, marked R G, containing a Man's Saddle, for which I can find no Owner. Whoever has a right to it, by paying Charges, may have the said Package, from

(2w) RICHARD HENDERSON.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, *living on* Kent-Island, *on very reasonable Terms,*

ALL her DOWER, or THIRDS, which she claims as Widow of JOHN M'DERMOTT, deceased, of, and in Two Lots of Ground, in *Frederick-Town, Cæcil* County, whereon is a good large framed Dwelling-House, with a very good Brick Kitchen adjoining, and a good framed House, built for a Billiard-Room, with a very fine Chamber above, and a very good Garden, &c. For Terms apply to

SARAH FLYNN.

Frederick-Town, Cæcil County, *Oct.* 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Esqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-House in *Chester-Town*, compleatly finished, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are close; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Business. On the same Lot is a large Brick House, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Compting-House. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) JOSEPH EARLE.

January 19, 1769.

THE Lands, call'd HEATH's RANGE, (the First Part) having been heretofore advertised, and only a Part thereof sold, there still remains the Town of WARWICK, with the Land belonging thereto, being about Five Hundred Acres: This is therefore to give Notice, That the said Town and Land, lying in *Cæcil* County, *Maryland*, will certainly be sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 15th Day of *February* next, agreeable to the Will of *James Heath*, Esq; deceased, to which a Title, in Fee, will be given, by

(ts) JOHN LEE WEBSTER, Executor,
SUSANNA WEBSTER, Executrix.

*** As the Town of *Warwick*, is so public, and well known, it is unnecessary to mention the Richness of its Soil, or Conveniencies of its Situation. The Sale will be in the said Town of *Warwick*.

Virginia, Aquia, Dec. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 4th Day of April *next,*

THE valuable Tract of LAND, known by the Name of BRENTON, containing 8,000 Acres, lying in *Prince-William* County, and within 18 Miles of *Colchester*, 14 of *Dumfries*, and 25 of *Falmouth*. This Land is remarkable for being level, of a rich Soil throughout the Tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable Improvements on it, and pays no QUIT-RENTS. The Sale will begin precisely at 12 o'Clock, at the House of SCARLET MADDINS, on the Premises, and the Land sold either in Lots, or the Whole, as shall be agreed upon on the Day of Sale, as well as the Terms for Payment.

ROBERT BRENT,
WILLIAM BRENT,
(15w) DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

Patapsco-Ferry, December 28, 1768.

THE Subscriber being appointed by the Magistrates of *Baltimore* County, at the last Court, to keep the Lower-Ferry, on *Patapsco* River, for said County, begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has provided safe and convenient BOATS, well Mann'd, together with every Thing necessary to give Travellers the utmost Dispatch.——He also keeps a TAVERN, and has taken considerable Pains to fit up commodious Lodging-Rooms, and lay in a proper Assortment of Liquors. He has also erected very good STABLES, and is always furnished with Plenty of excellent Clover-Hay and Oats, so that Gentlemen may depend upon having their Horses taken great Care of, and themselves agreeably accommodated, by

Their most humble Servant,

(10w) JAMES KELSO.

A
SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY
FOR RAISING
SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS,
FOR FINISHING THE
MARKET-HOUSE & TOWN-HALL
IN
FREDERICK-TOWN, in FREDERICK County,
TO CONSIST OF
TWO THOUSAND TICKETS,
AT TWO DOLLARS each.

FIVE HUNDRED and FIFTY-SEVEN of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200 Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	- -	100 - - -	200
3	- -	50 - - -	150
4	- -	25 - - -	100
20	- -	15 - - -	300
50	- -	10 - - -	500
475	- -	4 - - -	1900
PRIZES, 557		First drawn Blank, -	25
BLANKS, 1443		Last drawn Blank, -	25
			600 Sm rais'd.
2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,			4000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are little more than TWO BLANKS and an HALF to a PRIZE; and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the Whole.——When the TICKETS are disposed of, the Drawing is to begin, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at least, to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-House of the said County, in Presence of Five of the Managers, at least, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at farthest, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are Messrs. *Christopher Edelen, Casper Shaaff, Thomas Price, George Murdock, Levy Cohan, Jacob Young, Lodowick Weltner, Charles Beatty, Joseph Gaither, George Scott, Adam Fisher, John Horse, William Parker, Jacob Schley, Daniel Heughs, Upton Shoreding, George Stricker, Thomas Cramphin*, Jun. *William Deakin*, Jun. and *Andrew Stigar*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be published in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as soon as the Drawing is finished, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——PRIZES not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforesaid, to be deemed as generously given for the Use intended, and applied accordingly.

*** The Value of Seven Shillings and Six-pence, in PENNSYLVANIA Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of TICKETS; and the same Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

N. B. TICKETS to be had of any of the MANAGERS, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in ANNAPOLIS. (3m)

December 30, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Airs's* Ford, on the Falls of *Patapsco*, on *Elk-Ridge*, an *Irish* indented Servant Man, named PETER DENNY, about 20 Years of Age, about Five Feet Two Inches high, of a fair Complexion, thin visaged, grey eyed, and a little pitted with the Small-Pox, short brown Hair, and carries his Head crooked, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, is very quarrelsome: Had on, when he went away, a new Check Shirt, a new Bearskin Coat, bound round with black Binding, a blue Sagathy Jacket, with the Skirts lin'd with the same, and yellow Buttons, a Pair of new Broad Cloth Breeches, a Pair of plain Yarn Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes, and Steel Buckles, a Felt Hat, bound with black Ferreting, a new red Duffil great Coat, and took with him, a black Stallion, about 13 Hands high, and near Nine Years old, with a half worn *English* Saddle, and Snaffle Bridle: He also took with him Three Bills, One of Twenty Shillings, One of Fifteen, and One of Five; and, as he is well acquainted in *Baltimore-Town*, he may probably change his Dress.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall receive Three Pounds for the Man, and Thirty Shillings for the Horse, beside what the Law allows, paid by

(tf) VALENTINE BROWN, Junior.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, Jan. 7, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Hardy*, about 25 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 5 Inches high; has dark brown Hair, Hazel Eyes, and his Nose turns up at the End: He has a mild Way of talking, and often looks down, when spoken to. It is pretty certain that he lately broke into the Store of Mr. *Frost*, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, and took thence about Sixty Pounds Cash, consisting of Gold and Silver; chiefly Half-Johannes's and Pieces of Eight: He has also taken with him a light-coloured broad Cloth Coat, a new Pair of Buckskin Breeches, and sundry other Cloaths, not certainly known. He ran away last Spring, and was taken up in *Pennsylvania*, and confined for some Time in *Chester* Jail, where he called himself *Thomas Steelman*: He is a good Carpenter and Joiner, and a very handy Fellow. Whoever apprehends the said Runaway, and brings him home, shall have, if taken in the Province, Five Pounds; and, if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward, paid by (5w) CALEB DORSEY.

December 24, 1768.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Dorchester* County, about Two Miles to the Eastward of the Line lately run, granted under *Maryland* Rights, with natural and artificial Boundaries for 600 Acres, but contains nearly 900 Acres. The Land lies about 10 Miles from the Forest-Landing, on *Jones's* Creek, on *Delaware*, and about 9 Miles from *Choptank-Bridge*: has Two Streams of Water running through it, one of them sufficient for a Mill, and has about 100 Acres of Land, capable of making exceeding rich Meadow. There is about 350 Acres of cleared Land, under good Fence, on Part of which there is now sown 110 Bushels of Wheat. There is on the Land a Dwelling-House, 36 Feet by 20, with a Cellar, a Smoke-House, Milk-House, Three Corn-Houses, one new Barn, 50 Feet by 30; one Peach Orchard, of 7000 flourishing Trees, and Three Apple Orchards. The Plantation is in very good Order, the Situation pleasant and healthy, and the Soil very rich, and well adapted to Farming, but particularly good for Wheat.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to *Joseph Gill*, who lives on the Premises, and will shew the Land and Title, (which is indisputable) as well as give Information of the Terms and Conditions of the Sale, which will be on the Premises, the 16th Day of *March* next, if fair, if not, on the first fair Day after, by (ts) JOSEPH COWMAN.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the *Neabsco* Iron-Works, in *Virginia*, on, or about the 10th of *October* last, a Country born Negro Man Slave, named BILLIE, the Property of the Hon. *John Taylor*, Esq; he is about 30 Years of Age, very black, well made, Five Feet Eight Inches high, puts on a sower Look when taxed with any Thing amiss; he had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, and sundry other Sorts of Cloaths, besides Shoes and Stockings of various Kinds: He is by Trade a Ship-Carpenter, and is such a Proficient in that Business, as not only to repair, but to build all Sorts of small Craft. The Day that he went off, he was accompanied by a dark Mulatto Fellow, named SCIPIO, the Property of Mr. *John M'Millian* of *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*, of much the same Age and Size as himself. They crossed *Patowmack-River* together, in a Schooner's Boat, to the *Maryland* Shore, where they left her, and have, from that Time, kept themselves undiscovered. As *Billie* was some Time last Summer brought from *Carolina*, (to which Place, under the Sanction of a forged Pass, he had travelled as a Freeman) it is more than probable that if he is not now engaged by some Ship-Builders to the Northward, that he will endeavour to get on board of some Craft, bound for *Charles-Town*, or to some Place in *Carolina*, where he expects to be free.

Whoever takes up the said Negro, or Mulatto, and brings One, or both, to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *John Calvert*, Manager of Col. *Taylor's* Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, or will secure them, so as they may be had again, shall receive, for each, a Reward of Five Pounds, if taken Forty Miles from home, or the above Reward, if at a greater Distance from the said Mr. *John Calvert*, or from

(tf) THOMAS LAWSON.

October 14, 1768.

STOLEN last Night, from the Subscriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, B; he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever secures the said Horse, so as I may get him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

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